

Ukraine: From Third World to First

International Financial Aid to Ukraine: Will it Restart the Economy?

SPEAKERS:

- Erik Reinert, Professor at Norwegian Institute of Strategic Studies
- James K. Galbraith, Lloyd M. Bentsen Jr. Chair of Government/Business Relations at the Lyndon B. Johnson School of Public Affairs, the University of Texas at Austin
- Jerome Vacher, IMF Resident Representative in Ukraine
- Artem Shevalyov, Deputy Minister of Finance of Ukraine on the European Integration
- Victor Galasyuk, Chairman of the Parliamentary Committee on Industrial Policy and Entrepreneurship, Verkhovna Rada of Ukraine
- Dmytro Sologub, Deputy Governor of the National Bank of Ukraine



International micro-financial aid to Ukraine 2014 & 1H 2015:

Creditor/investor	Sum (plan)	Received in 2014	Expected tranches	
EFF program with IMF (until 2018)	SDR12.35bn (\$17.5bn)	1st tranche - SDR3.546bn (\$5bn)	2015: second, third and fourth tranches worth SDR1.182bn each (\$1.667bn) – June 15, September 15 and December 15; 2016-2018: 12 tranches worth SDR5.256bn (SDR438mln each)	
FS DPL and DPL with World Bank	\$3bn	\$0.75bn (DPL- I ¹ to the national budget), \$0.5bn (FS DPL- I ² to the national budget)	2015: to the national budget - \$0.5bn (DPL-II), \$0.5bn (FS DPL-II); investment projects - \$0.3-0.5bn ² ; from IFC - \$0.4bn	
Macro-financial aid (MFA) from EU :		2015: EUR0.25bn (MFA-I ³), EUR1.2bn (two tranches of MFA-III);		
MFA-II MFA-III	€0.61bn €1bn €1.8bn	€0.36bn €1bn	2016: EUR0.6bn (one tranche of MFA-III)	
EBRD	€5bn until 2020	€1.2bn	About €1bn annually	 1 - DPL - Development Policy Loan 2 - FS DPL - Financial Sector Development Policy Loan 3 - MFA-I funds are to come to the
EIB	€3bn for 2014-2016	Agreements signed on three projects for €750mln	About €1bn annually	national budget soon
				©Source: NBU



International micro-financial aid to Ukraine until 2020:

Almost \$34 billion



EU financial support for the development of Ukrainian private and government sector 2020/2025:

Private sector:

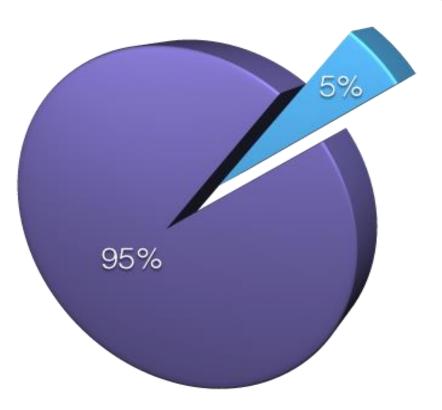
- DCFTA FACILITY: €200m of grants and access to €1bn of loans until 2025, starting
 March 2015, predominantly guarantees and technical assistance linked to EU-backed loans for SMEs
- EU SURE: €55m of grants to central and local authorities to develop SMEs policies,
 EBRD business support centers in 15 regions
- NIF: up to €25m of grants predominantly linked to €225m EU-backed loans until 2020 for SMEs

State sector:

- EU-UKRAINE AAP + UMBRELLA FUND: **€180-260m of grants annually** (over 1bn) until 2020, for 2015 **€200m**
- From PREVIOUS PROGRAMMING period: €486.5m



International **loans vs. grants** for the **STATE** sector of Ukraine until 2020:

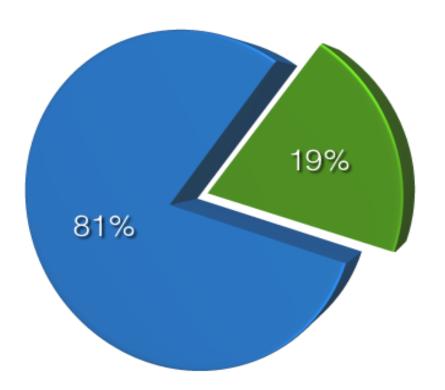


Up to \$34bn (95%) of low-interest long-term loans (IMF, EFIs & EU)

Up to **€1,5bn** (5%) of grants (EU)



International **loans vs. grants** for the **PRIVATE** sector of Ukraine until 2020/2025:

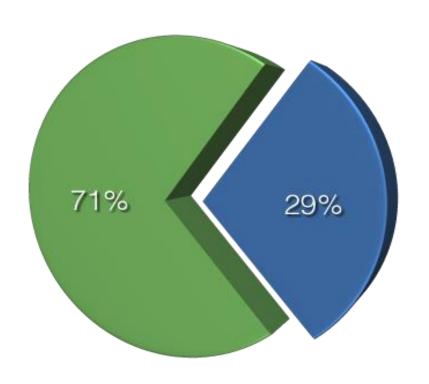


€1,2bn (81%) of loans (EU, EBRD & EIB) under Ukrainian market interest rates (up to 16% in EUR/USD and up to 36% in Hryvna)

€280m (19%) of **grants** (EU, EBRD & EIB)



International **standalone vs. loans-tied** grants for the **PRIVATE** sector of Ukraine until 2020/2025:

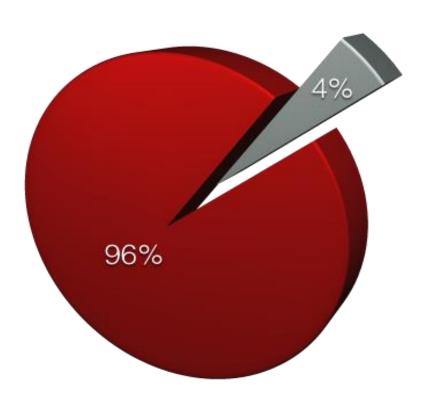


Up to €80m (29%) of independent grants for SMEs

€200m (71%) of grants conditional to loan obtainment



International aid to **state vs. private** sector of Ukraine until 2020/2025:



Up to \$35,7m (96%) of loans and grants for the **state** sector (EU, IMF & EFIs)

€1,48m (4%) of loans and grants for the **private** sector (EU and EFIs)

Can the international financial aid re-launch Ukraine's economy?